

Republic of the Philippines
Department of Agriculture and Natural Resources
BUREAU OF PLANT INDUSTRY
M a n i l a

ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER NO. 9)
SERIES OF 1947)

January 24, 1947

SUBJECT: An order prohibiting the importation of certain fruits and vegetables or seeds or planting materials into the Philippines from countries and places infested with the Mediterranean fruit fly (*Ceratitis capitata*), except for certain purposes and under certain conditions.

Under authority conferred by Sections 1 and 11 of Act No. 3027, entitled "An Act to Protect the Agricultural Industries of the Philippine Islands from Injurious Plant Pests and Diseases Existing in Foreign Countries, etc.", which authority is now vested in the Director of Plant Industry and the Secretary of Agriculture and Commerce by virtue of Acts Nos. 3638 and 4007, the following regulations governing and regulating the importation, bringing or introduction of certain fruits and vegetables from the countries and places enumerated in Paragraph 1 hereof, into the Philippines in order to prevent the introduction of an insect destructive to certain fruits and vegetables, known as the Mediterranean Fruit Fly, *Ceratitis capitata*, into this country, are hereby promulgated for the information and guidance of all concerned.

1. The importation, bringing or introduction of fruits and vegetables, or seeds or planting materials of the species listed hereunder countries and places known to be actually infested with the Mediterranean Fruit Fly, *Ceratitis capitata*, namely, the Hawaiian Islands, Spain, France, Italy, Sicily, Greece, Malta, Turkey, Syria, Palestine, Egypt, Tripoli, Tunis, Algeria, Cape Colony, Natal, British East Africa, Madagascar, Brazil, Argentina, the Bermuda Islands, the Azores, the Medeira Islands, the Canary Islands, the Cape Verde Islands, Dahomey, Nigeria, the Congo, Delagao Bay, Rhodesia, Uganda Protectorate, Mauritius, Western Australia, New South Wales, Queensland, is strictly prohibited: Provided, that a limited quantity of such fruits and vegetables may, in accordance with Paragraphs 2 and 10 of Administrative Order No. 2 of the Bureau of Plant Industry, upon proper application made to the Director of Plant Industry (BPI Form No. 32), and under permit from the said official (BPI Form No. 34), be imported through the Port of Manila, from countries or places herein enumerated which maintain plant quarantine inspection service, for the purpose of obtaining seeds or plant materials to keep the Philippines supplied with new varieties and necessary propagating stock. The same fruits and vegetables may also be imported in limited quantities, under quarantine, from countries or places herein enumerated not maintaining plant quarantine and inspection service, provided they are to be used for experimental

purposes only, subject to such conditions as the Director of Plant Industry may impose. The fruits and vegetables, or the seeds or planting materials obtained from them, imported for the purpose mentioned in this paragraph shall be held or planted, as the case may be, under quarantine in an isolation station by the Director of Plant Industry for close observation and shall only be released when evidence is available showing that no injurious insects and plant diseases are present on, in or amongst such fruits and vegetables, or seeds, seedlings or planting materials derived therefrom. They shall also be subject to such other conditions, requirements or treatment as the Director of Plant Industry may prescribe.

LIST OF FRUITS AND VEGETABLES AND SEEDS AFFECTED
BY THIS ORDER

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| (1) Sapodilla (<u>Achras sapota</u>) | (35) Mangosteen (<u>Garcinia mangostana</u>) |
| (2) Acordia (<u>Acordia sp.</u>) | (36) Mangosteen (<u>Garcinia xanthoximus</u>) |
| (3) Sour sop (<u>Annona muricata</u>) | (37) Cultivated cotton (<u>Gossypium sp.</u>) |
| (4) Sugar Palm (<u>Arenga saccharifera</u>) | (38) Mountain apple (<u>Jambosa malaccansis</u>) |
| (5) Breadfruit (<u>Artocarpus incisa</u>) | (39) Palm (<u>Latania loddigesii</u>) |
| (6) Carambola (<u>Averrhoa carambola</u>) | (40) Tomato (<u>Lycopersicum esculentum</u>) |
| (7) Ball Kamani (<u>Calophyllum inophyllum</u>) | (41) Liches nut (<u>Litchi chinensis</u>) |
| (8) Bell pepper (<u>Capsicum sp.</u>) | (42) Mango (<u>Mangifera indica</u>) |
| (9) Papaya (<u>Carica papaya</u>) | (43) Elengi tree (<u>Mimusops elengi</u>) |
| (10) Dwarf papaya (<u>Carica quercifolia</u>) | (44) Mock Orange (<u>Murraya exotica</u>) |
| (11) Carissa (<u>Carissa arduine</u>) | (45) Banana (<u>Musa sp.</u>) |
| (12) Sapota (<u>Casimiroa edulis</u>) | (46) Noronhia (<u>Noronhia emarginata</u>) |
| (13) Chinese inkberry (<u>Cestrum sp.</u>) | (47) Ochrosia (<u>Ochrosia elliptica</u>) |
| (14) Star apple (<u>Chrysophyllum cainito</u>) | (48) Prickly pear (<u>Opuntia vulgaris</u>) |
| (15) Damson plum (<u>Chrysophyllum oliviforme</u>) | (49) Passion vine (<u>Passiflora coerulea</u>) |
| (16) Chinese Orange (<u>Citrus japonica</u>) | (50) Avocado (<u>Persea americana</u>) |
| (17) Kumquat (<u>Citrus japonica</u>) | (51) Date Palm (<u>Phoenix Dactylifera</u>) |
| (18) Tangerine (<u>Citrus nobilis</u>) | (52) Strawberry guava (<u>Psidium cattleianum</u>) |
| (19) Mandarin (<u>Citrus nobilis</u>) | |
| (20) Lime (<u>Citrus medica limetta</u>) | |
| (21) Lemon (<u>Citrus medica limonum</u>) | |
| (22) Grapefruit (<u>Citrus decumana</u>) | |
| (23) Shaddock (<u>Citrus decumana</u>) | |
| (24) Orange (<u>Citrus aurantium</u>) | |
| (25) Sour orange (<u>Citrus aurantium</u> var. <u>amara</u>) | |
| (26) Wampi (<u>Clausena wampi</u>) | |
| (27) Quince (<u>Cydonia vulgaris</u>) | |
| (28) Persimon (<u>Diospyrus decandra</u>) | |
| (29) Loquat (<u>Eriobotrya japonica</u>) | |
| (30) Brazilian plum or Spanish Cherry (<u>Eugenia brasiliensis</u>) | |
| (31) Rose apple (<u>Eugenia jambos</u>) | |
| (32) Surinam cherry (<u>Eugenia michelii</u>) | |
| (33) French cherry (<u>Eugenia uniflora</u>) | |
| (34) Fig (<u>Ficus carica</u>) | |

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| (53) Sweet red and white lemon guavas (<u>Psidium guajaya</u>) | (63) Sandalwood (<u>Santalum freycinetianum</u>) |
| (54) Common guava (<u>Psidium guajaya pomiferum</u>) | (64) Eggplant (<u>Solanum melongena</u>) |
| (55) Waiawi (<u>Psidium guajaya pyriferum</u>) | (65) Wi (<u>Spondias dulcis</u>) |
| (56) Peach (<u>Prunus persica</u>) | (66) Natal plum (<u>Terminalia chobula</u>) |
| (57) Nectarines (<u>Prunus persica</u> var. <u>nectarina</u>) | (67) Tropical almond or winged kamani (<u>Terminalia catappa</u>) |
| (58) Apricot (<u>Prunus armeniaca</u>) | (68) Destill (<u>Thevetia neriifolia</u>) |
| (59) Plum (<u>Prunus sp.</u>) | (69) Grape (<u>Vitis labrusca</u>) |
| (60) Pomegranate (<u>Punica granatum</u>) | (70) Coffee (<u>Coffea sp.</u>) |
| (61) Apple (<u>Pyrus sp.</u>) | |
| (62) Pear (<u>Pyrus sp.</u>) | |

2. All or any fruits and vegetables or seeds or planting materials of the species hereinabove listed imported from the countries and places enumerated in Paragraph 1 hereof in contravention of the provisions of this Administrative Order, shall be seized by the Plant Quarantine Officers of the Bureau of Plant Industry and shall be immediately returned to the country or place of origin or completely destroyed according to the decision of the Director of Plant Industry; in either case the expenses shall be borne by the importer.

3. Any person, firm, association or corporation, who violates or contravenes any of the provisions of this Administrative Order shall be liable to prosecution, and upon conviction shall suffer the penalty provided in Section 13 of Act No. 3027, which is a fine not exceeding one thousand pesos (₱1,000), or imprisonment not exceeding six months, or both, in the discretion of the court.

4. Repealing provisions - All orders, rules and regulations, or parts thereof which are inconsistent with the provisions of this Administrative Order, are hereby revoked.

5. This Administrative Order shall take effect upon the date of approval by the Secretary of Agriculture and Commerce.